

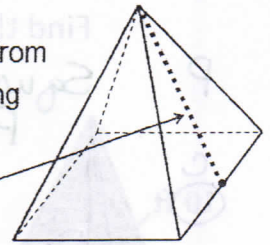
# Formulas for pyramids and cones

Notes – Right Pyramids:

$l$  = slant height (height of lateral triangle)

- Slant height – distance from top vertex to bottom along one of the slanted sides

slant height =  $l$

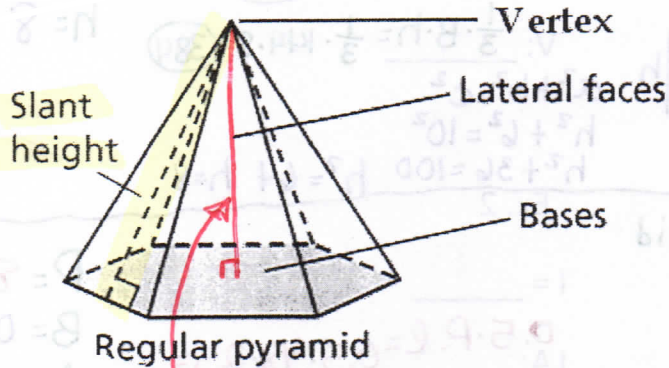


## Pyramids:

$$LA = \frac{1}{2} P l$$

$$SA = \frac{1}{2} P l + B$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} B h$$



$h = \text{Height}$

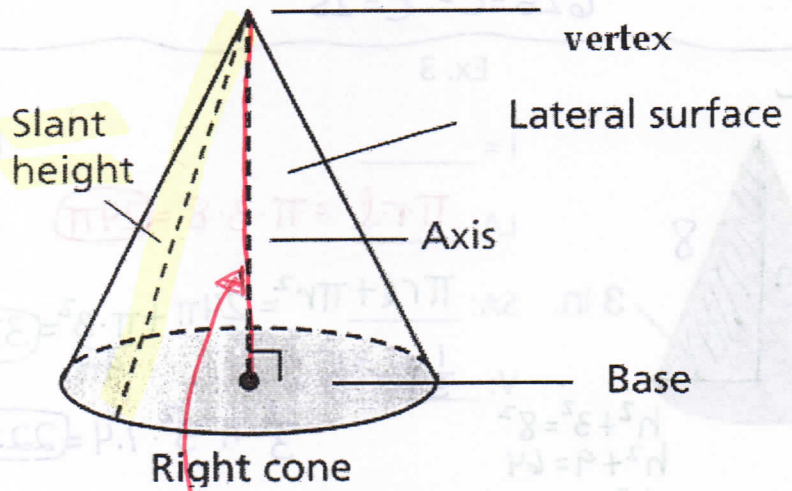
The **altitude** of a cone is the segment from the vertex of the cone to its base that is perpendicular to the base. The length of the altitude is the **height** of the cone.

## Cones:

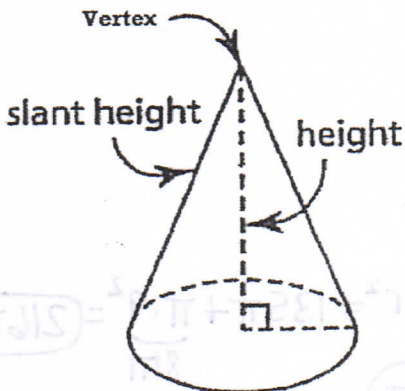
$$LA = \pi r l$$

$$SA = \pi r l + \pi r^2$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$



$h = \text{Height}$



Pythagorean Theorem

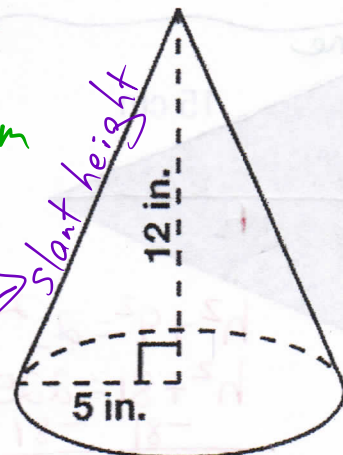
$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$12^2 + 5^2 = c^2$$

$$144 + 25 = c^2$$

$$169 = c^2$$

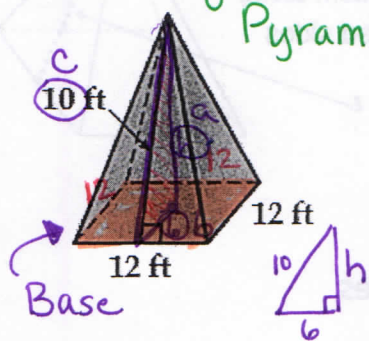
$$c = \sqrt{169} = 13$$



Find the lateral area, surface area, and volume of each figure.

### Square Pyramid

Ex. 1



$$\begin{aligned} \text{LA: } & 0.5 \cdot P \cdot l = 0.5 \cdot 48 \cdot 10 = 240 \\ \text{SA: } & 240 + 144 = 384 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{V: } \frac{1}{3} \cdot B \cdot h = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 144 \cdot 8 = 384$$

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \\ h^2 + 6^2 &= 10^2 \\ h^2 + 36 &= 100 \quad h^2 = 64 \quad h = 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$P = 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 = 48$$

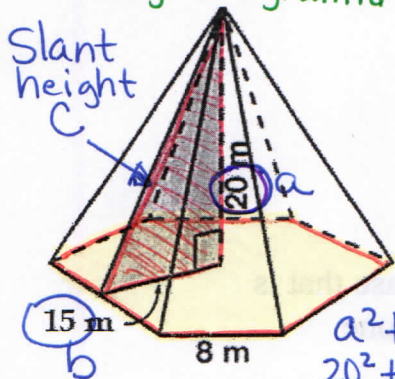
$$B = s^2 = 12^2 = 144$$

$$l = 10$$

$$h = 8$$

### Hexagonal Pyramid

Ex. 2



$$\text{LA: } 0.5 \cdot P \cdot l = 0.5 \cdot 48 \cdot 25 = 600$$

$$\text{SA: } 600 + 360 = 960$$

$$\text{V: } \frac{1}{3} B h = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 360 \cdot 20 = 2400$$

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \\ 20^2 + 15^2 &= c^2 \\ 400 + 225 &= c^2 \\ 625 &= c^2 \quad c = 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$P = 8 \cdot 6 = 48$$

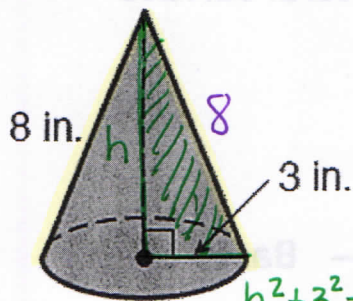
$$B = 0.5 \cdot a \cdot P = 0.5 \cdot 15 \cdot 48 = 360$$

$$l = 25$$

$$h = 20$$

### Cone

Ex. 3



$$\text{LA: } \pi \cdot r \cdot l = \pi \cdot 3 \cdot 8 = 24\pi$$

$$\text{SA: } \pi r l + \pi r^2 = 24\pi + \pi \cdot 3^2 = 24\pi + 9\pi = 33\pi$$

$$\text{V: } \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h = \frac{1}{3} \pi \cdot 3^2 \cdot 7.4 = 22.2\pi$$

$$\begin{aligned} h^2 + 3^2 &= 8^2 \\ h^2 + 9 &= 64 \\ h^2 &= 55 \quad h = 7.4 \end{aligned}$$

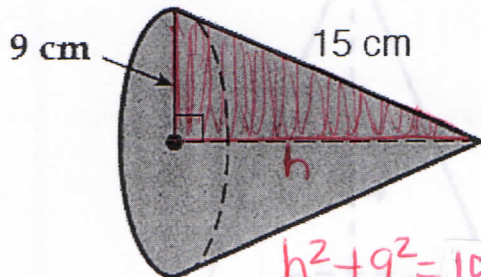
$$r = 3$$

$$l = 8$$

$$h = 7.4$$

### Cone

Ex. 4



$$\text{LA: } \pi r l = \pi \cdot 9 \cdot 15 = 135\pi$$

$$\text{SA: } \pi r l + \pi r^2 = 135\pi + \pi \cdot 9^2 = 216\pi$$

$$\text{V: } \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h = \frac{1}{3} \pi \cdot 9^2 \cdot 12 = 324\pi$$

$$\begin{aligned} h^2 + 9^2 &= 15^2 \\ h^2 + 81 &= 225 \\ \underline{-81 \quad -81} & \\ h^2 &= 144 \quad h = 12 \end{aligned}$$

$$r = 9$$

$$l = 15$$

$$h = 12$$

$$\pi r l + \pi r^2 = 135\pi + \pi \cdot 9^2 = 216\pi = 135\pi + 81\pi$$